L Number	Hits	Search Text	DB	Time stamp
8	11	("5906708" "5961877" "6064081").urpn.	USPAT;	2003/05/17 16:34
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1			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT;	
			IBM_TDB	
1	4	("5906708" "5961877" "6064081").pn.	USPAT:	2003/05/17 16:39
'	•	(US-PGPUB;	
			EPO; JPO;	
İ			DERWENT;	
			IBM TDB	
45	4911	(c carbon) near6 ((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium))	USPAT;	2003/05/17 16:47
15	4911	(C carbon) heard ((Si sincon) hear2 (Ge germanium))		2003/03/17 10.47
			US-PGPUB;	
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT;	
			IBM_TDB	
22	376	(GeSi SiGe) near6 (C carbon)	USPAT;	2003/05/17 16:41
			US-PGPUB;	
			EPO; JPO;	
ļ			DERWENT;	
ŀ			IBM_TDB	
29	1	Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3	USPAT;	2003/05/17 16:45
			US-PGPUB;	
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT;	
			IBM_TDB	1
30	1	Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.kq)	USPAT:	2003/05/17 16:45
30	ı	Sirsub.\$3 fleat2 Gersub.\$3 fleat2 Crsub.\$3(c.sub.kq)	i '	2003/03/17 10.43
			US-PGPUB;	
			EPO; JPO;	
ŀ		''2"	DERWENT;	
_			IBM_TDB	000000547.40.40
31	60	Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.wg2)	USPAT;	2003/05/17 16:46
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			DERWENT;	
			IBM_TDB	
32	0	Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.6-6)	USPAT;	2003/05/17 16:47
ĺ			US-PGPUB;	
			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT,	
			IBM_TDB	
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-	01	near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.kg)) (Si?sub.\$3	US-PGPUB;	
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		near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.6-6))	DERWENT;	
		Heatz Geraub. 40 Heatz Graub. 40(C. 30b. 0-0))	IBM TDB	
46	E460	(/a carban) near& (/Si cilican) near? (Ca garmanium))) (/CaSi	USPAT;	2003/05/17 16:49
46	5168	((c carbon) near6 ((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium))) ((GeSi		2003/03/17 10.49
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		C?sub.\$3) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2	EPO; JPO;	
		C?sub.\$3(c.sub.kq)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2	DERWENT;	
		C?sub.\$3(c.sub.wg2)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2	IBM_TDB	
		C?sub.\$3(c.sub.6-6)))		
53	958	((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium)) near2 carbide	USPAT;	2003/05/17 16:48
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ì			EPO; JPO;	
			DERWENT;	
			IBM_TDB	
60	386	SiGeC SiCGe GeSiC GeCSi CSiGe CGeSi	USPAT;	2003/05/17 16:49
-	300	Sided didde dedic deddi ddide ddedi	US-PGPUB;	2000/00/17 10:49
			•	
1			EPO; JPO;	
Į.				
			DERWENT; IBM_TDB	

67	6121	((c carbon) near6 ((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium))) ((GeSi SiGe) near6 (C carbon)) ((Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.kq)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.wg2)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.6-6))) (((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium)) near2 carbide) (SiGeC SiCGe GeSiC GeCSi CSiGe CGeSi)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2003/05/17 16:49
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		near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.kq)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.wg2)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.6-6))) (((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium)) near2 carbide) (SiGeC SiCGe GeSiC		
95	59	GeCSi CSiGe CGeSi)) and @rlad<19941110) (((c carbon) near6 ((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium))) (((GeSi SiGe) near6 (C carbon)) ((Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.kq)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.wg2)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.6-6))) (((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium)) near2 carbide) (SiGeC SiCGe GeSiC GeCSi CSiGe CGeSi)) near8 (etch\$4 stop\$4)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2003/05/17 17:56
102	6	((((c carbon) near6 ((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium))) ((GeSi SiGe) near6 (C carbon)) ((Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.kq)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.wg2)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.6-6))) (((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium)) near2 carbide) (SiGeC SiCGe GeSiC GeCSi CSiGe CGeSi))	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2003/05/17 16:52
109	4	near8 (etch\$4 stop\$4)) and @ad<19941110 ((((c carbon) near6 ((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium))) (((GeSi SiGe) near6 (C carbon)) ((Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.kq)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.wg2)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.6-6))) (((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium)) near2 carbide) (SiGeC SiCGe GeSiC GeCSi CSiGe CGeSi)) near8 (etch\$4 stop\$4)) and @rlad<19941110	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2003/05/17 16:52

116	9	(((((c carbon) near6 ((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium))) ((GeSi SiGe) near6 (C carbon)) ((Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.kq)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT;	2003/05/17 17:35
		C?sub.\$3(c.sub.wg2)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.6-6))) (((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium)) near2 carbide) (SiGeC SiCGe GeSiC GeCSi CSiGe CGeSi))	IBM_TDB	
		near8 (etch\$4 stop\$4)) and @ad<19941110) ((((c carbon) near6 ((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium))) ((GeSi SiGe) near6 (C carbon)) ((Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2		
		C?sub.\$3) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.kq)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.wg2)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.6-6))) (((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium))		
 		near2 carbide) (SiGeC SiCGe GeSiC GeCSi CSiGe CGeSi)) near8 (etch\$4 stop\$4)) and @rlad<19941110)		
123	14	(Robinson westhoff hunt ling).in. and (((c carbon) near6 ((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium))) ((GeSi SiGe) near6 (C	USPAT; US-PGPUB;	2003/05/17 17:08
		carbon)) ((Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.kq)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.wg2))	EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	
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420	227	SiCGe GeSiC GeCSi CSiGe CGeSi))	LICDAT	2003/05/17 17:56
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		C?sub.\$3(c.sub.6-6))) (((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium)) near2 carbide) (SiGeC SiCGe GeSiC GeCSi CSiGe CGeSi))	IBM_100	
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		C?sub.\$3(c.sub.kq)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3(c.sub.wg2)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2	DERWENT; IBM_TDB	
		C?sub.\$3(c.sub.6-6))) (((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium)) near2 carbide) (SiGeC SiCGe GeSiC GeCSi CSiGe CGeSi))	IBIVI_IBB	
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		(((GeSi SiGe) near6 (C carbon)) ((Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2 C?sub.\$3) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3	US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO;	2000/00/11 17:01
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		C?sub.\$3(c.sub.6-6))) (((Si silicon) near2 (Ge germanium)) near2 carbide) (SiGeC SiCGe GeSiC GeCSi CSiGe CGeSi))		
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		C?sub.\$3(c.sub.kq)) (Si?sub.\$3 near2 Ge?sub.\$3 near2		
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Search History 5/17/03 6:17:02 PM Page 3

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         (c) 2003 Institution of Electrical Engineers
*File 2: Alert feature enhanced for multiple files, duplicates
removal, customized scheduling. See HELP ALERT.
         8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2003/May W1
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         (c) 2003 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
        8: Alert feature enhanced for multiple files, duplicates
removal, customized scheduling. See HELP ALERT.
  File 35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2003/Apr
         (c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning
  File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2003/Apr W04
         (c) 2003 European Patent Office
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>>> or undefined in one or more files.
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           89100 CARBIDE
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            2921
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             544 SIGEC
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 2/9/1
DIALOG(R) File 2: INSPEC
(c) 2003 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.
        INSPEC Abstract Number: B9309-2550B-010
4451273
                       layers in silicon produced by implantation of
          Etch-stop
electrically inactive impurities
 Author(s): Qin-Yi Tong; Feijoo, D.; Cha, G.; Horng-Ming You; Gosele, U.
 Author Affiliation: Dept. of Mech. Eng. & Mater. Sci., Duke Univ.,
Durham, NC, USA
  Conference Title: Proceedings of the Fifth International Symposium on
Silicon-on-Insulator Technology and Devices
                                              p.384-402
  Editor(s): Bailey, W.E.
  Publisher: Electrochem. Soc, Pennington, NJ, USA
  Publication Date: 1992 Country of Publication: USA
                                                        xi+440 pp.
  Conference Sponsor: Electrochem. Soc
  Conference Date: 17-22 May 1992
                                       Conference Location: St. Louis, MO,
USA
                      Document Type: Conference Paper (PA)
  Language: English
  Treatment: Practical (P); Experimental (X)
              Etch -stop layers in silicon have been produced by
implantation of carbon, argon, neon, silicon and germanium which are
all electrically inactive impurities in silicon with doses of no more than
3E16/cm/sup 2/. Etch-stop performances in ethylenediamine-pyrocatechol-wate
r are attributed to chemical (bond energy), structural (amorphization
extent), electrical (electron lifetime) and mechanical (strain level)
characteristics of the layers formed by silicon with implanted impurities.
(22 Refs)
  Subfile: B
  Descriptors: etching; impurities; integrated circuit technology; ion
implantation; semiconductor-insulator boundaries; silicon; VLSI
  Identifiers: etch stop layers; SOI material; ULSI; electrically inactive
impurities; implantation; ethylenediamine-pyrocatechol-water; implanted
impurities; Si-SiO/sub 2/; Si:C, Ar, Ne, Ge
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Class Codes: B2550B (S
                           conductor doping); B2530F (
Metal-insulator-semiconductor structures); B2550E (Surface treatment);
B2570F (Other MOS integrated circuits)
  Chemical Indexing:
  Si-SiO2 int - SiO2 int - O2 int - Si int - O int - SiO2 bin - O2 bin - Si
bin - O bin - Si el (Elements - 1,2,2)
  Si:C,Ar,Ne,Ge ss - Ar ss - Ge ss - Ne ss - Si ss - C ss - Ar el - Ge el -
Ne el - Si el - C el - Ar dop - Ge dop - Ne dop - C dop (Elements -
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 5
2/9/2
           (Item 2 from file: 2)
DIALOG(R)File
               2:INSPEC
(c) 2003 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts.
           INSPEC Abstract Number: A90069884, B90036304
03625776
 Title: Silicon etching with oxygen molecular beam assisted by predeposited
germanium
  Author(s): Tatsumi, T.; Niino, T.; Hirayama, H.
  Author Affiliation: Fundamentals Res. Labs., NEC Corp., Kawasaki, Japan
                                    vol.56, no.7 p.635-7
  Journal: Applied Physics Letters
  Publication Date: 12 Feb. 1990 Country of Publication: USA
  CODEN: APPLAB ISSN: 0003-6951
  U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0003-6951/90/070635-03$02.00
                       Document Type: Journal Paper (JP)
  Language: English
  Treatment: Experimental (X)
  Abstract: Si was etched using an O/sub 2/ molecular beam according to the
chemical reaction 2Si+O/sub 2/ to 2SiO up arrow. The minimum etching
temperature was decreased by 25 degrees C when a Ge layer had been
deposited on a clean Si surface before etching . At 800 degrees c , the
    -coated Si surface was etched while the clean Si surface was not.
The O/sub 2/ partial pressure during etching was 2*10/\sup -5/ Torr; the
etching rate was about 80 AA/min at 800 degrees C. Auger electron
spectroscopy showed that the number of Ge atoms slightly decreased during Si etching. Ge atoms on the surface are thought to weaken Si back bonds by
forming a thin Ge-Si alloy layer on the surface. Undercutting at the SiO/sub 2/ mask edge was suppressed by this Ge predeposition technique at
800 degrees C because the sidewall without Ge was not etched at this
temperature. (3 Refs)
  Subfile: A B
  Descriptors: Auger effect; elemental semiconductors; germanium; silicon;
sputter etching; surface diffusion
  Identifiers: semiconductor; etching; chemical reaction; etching
temperature; O/sub 2/ partial pressure; etching rate; Auger electron
spectroscopy; Si back bonds; 800 degC; O/sub 2/ molecular beam; Si surface;
Ge-Si alloy layer; Si-Ge
  Class Codes: A8160C (Semiconductors); A7920F (Electron impact: Auger
emission); A7920N (Atom, molecule, and ion impact); A6822 (Surface
diffusion, segregation and interfacial compound formation); B2550E (Surface
treatment and oxide film formation); B2520C (Elemental semiconductors)
  Chemical Indexing:
  Si-Ge int - Ge int - Si int - Ge el - Si el (Elements - 1,1,2)
  O2 el - O el (Elements - 1)
  Si sur - Si el (Elements - 1)
  Ge-Si int - Ge int - Si int - Ge el - Si el (Elements - 1,1,2)
 Numerical Indexing: temperature 1.07E+03 K
           (Item 3 from file: 2)
2/9/3
DIALOG(R) File 2: INSPEC
(c) 2003 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts.
           INSPEC Abstract Number: A80016517
01455842
Title: Use of ion-plasma etching for treatment and study of surface layers
of crystals
```

Author(s): Grigor'ev, O.N.; Karban', V.I.; Onipko, A.F.; Trefilov, V.I.

Journal: Fizika i Khimiya Obrabotki Materialov no.3 p.30-4

Publication Date: May- ne 1979 Country of Publication USS

CODEN: FKOMAT ISSN: 0015-3214

Language: Russian Document Type: Journal Paper (JP)

Treatment: Experimental (X)

Abstract: The results of the ion-plasma high-frequency etching of single crystals of diamond, silicon, germanium, sapphire, silicon carbide and chromium are presented. A correlation is established between the rate of etching and the machinability of these materials. The feasibility of and good long-term prospects for the use of ion-plasma etching in order to eliminate, investigate and measure the magnitude of the damaged surface layers of a wide group of materials are demonstrated. (5 Refs)

Subfile: A

Descriptors: ceramics; chromium; diamond; germanium; sapphire; silicon; silicon compounds; sputter etching; surface structure

Identifiers: single crystals; diamond; sapphire; machinability; damaged surface layers; Si; Ge; SiC; Cr; ion plasma HF etching

Class Codes: A8160 (Corrosion, oxidation, etching, and other surface treatments)

2/9/4 (Item 4 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R) File 2: INSPEC

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01285369 INSPEC Abstract Number: A79005213

Title: Oxygen distribution profiles in thin evaporated contacts on single crystal silicon

Author(s): Petersson, S.; Norde, H.; Possnert, G.; Orre, B.

Author Affiliation: Inst. of Technol., Uppsala, Sweden

Journal: Nuclear Instruments and Methods vol.149, no.1-3 p.285-8 Publication Date: 15 Feb.-1 March 1978 Country of Publication: Netherlands

CODEN: NUIMAL ISSN: 0029-554X

Conference Title: Proceedings of the Third International Conference on Ion Beam Analysis

Conference Date: 27 June-1 July 1977 Conference Location: Washington, DC, USA

Language: English Document Type: Conference Paper (PA); Journal Paper (JP)

Treatment: Experimental (X)

Abstract: The nuclear resonance in the /sup 16/O(alpha , alpha)/sup 16/O elastic scattering reaction at 3.045 MeV has been used in concentration profile measurements of oxygen in thin-film structures. The concentration profile can be deduced from an energy scan of the incoming alpha -particles, thus shifting the resonance to different depths in the sample. The method has been applied to studies of the structures (a) an etched Si-surface, (b) Au evaporated on Si , and (c) a Au-Ge-Si structure. Evidence is presented for the presence of oxygen in the Au layer and in the Ge layer. (12 Refs)

Subfile: A

Descriptors: alpha particle-nucleus scattering; chemical analysis by nuclear reactions and scattering; electrical contacts; elemental semiconductors; nuclear resonance reactions and scattering; silicon

Identifiers: nuclear resonance; /sup 16/O(alpha,alpha)/sup 16/O elastic scattering reaction; concentration profile measurements; etched Si-surface; O profiles; thin film structures; Au-Si structure; Au-Ge-Si structure

Class Codes: A6820 (Solid surface structure); A6848 (Solid-solid interfaces); A8280 (Chemical analysis and related physical methods of analysis)

2/9/5 (Item 1 from file: 35)
DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abs Online
(c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.



Author: TANG, HUA Degree: PH.D. Year: 1992

Corporate Source/Institution: COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY (0054)

Adviser: IRVING P. HERMAN

Source: VOLUME 53/03-B OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.

PAGE 1424. 209 PAGES

Descriptors: PHYSICS, ELECTRONICS AND ELECTRICITY; ENGINEERING,

ELECTRONICS AND ELECTRICAL

Descriptor Codes: 0607; 0544

Raman microprobe spectroscopy is used to analyze laser surface processing, including cw laser heating of Si microstructures, melting of c - Si and c - Ge, and chemical etching of c - Si and copper films.

- Si and c - Ge, and chemical etching of c - Si and copper films.

In the investigation of steady-state laser heating of silicon disk microstructures on fused silica and sapphire substrates, the Raman frequency shift and lineshape are compared to simulated Raman spectra. These simulations utilize temperature profiles calculated by a finite element analysis of the heat flow equation. The inhomogeneity of the temperature profiles strongly affects the energy shifts and linewidths of the Raman spectra.

Polarization Raman microprobe spectroscopy is used to study laser-induced melting in c-Si and c-Ge. At their respective melting points, the Raman shifts of solid Si and Ge are 481.7 and 281.4 cm\$\sp{-1}\$, and the linewidths are 24.3 and 14.1 cm\$\sp{-1}\$. Optical-phonon coupling both to two and to three phonons is used to explain the temperature dependence of the Raman linewidth. Thermal expansion and coupling to two phonons are important in determining anharmonic corrections to the Raman energy shift, while coupling to three phonons is relatively less important. The real-time Raman spectrum is also used to probe the progress of silicon flow during melting and the trench depth during laser-assisted etching.

The reactions of copper films on glass with chlorine are studied at room temperature and during laser heating. Raman scattering is used to follow the transformation of the copper film in situ to the copper chlorides, CuCl and CuCl\$\sb2\$. The thin film product formed at ambient temperature without laser heating is shown to be CuCl, while the deposit-like line produced during scanning laser heating is mostly CuCl\$\sb2\$. Post-processing profilometry is used to measure the etching rate for different laser powers, laser scan speeds and chlorine pressures. A model was developed that successfully describes laser etching at low chlorine pressures, high laser powers, and fast laser scan speeds. In other regimes a thick copper chloride layer forms during the reaction of the copper film with chlorine, which inhibits the laser etching.

2/3/6 (Item 1 from 1 : 348)
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2003 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

00638279

Method for etching boron nitride.

Atzverfahren fur Boron-Nitrid.

Procede de gravure de nitrure de Bore.

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES CORPORATION, (200125), Old Orchard Road, Armonk, N.Y. 10504, (US), (applicant designated states: DE;FR;GB)

INVENTOR:

Nguyen, Son Van, 7 Clove Court, Hopewell Junction, Vermont 12533, (US) Dobuzinsky, David Mark, 29 Shenandoah Road, Hopewell Junction, Vermont 12533, (US)

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Schafer, Wolfgang, Dipl.-Ing. (62021), IBM Deutschland

Informationssysteme GmbH Patentwesen und Urheberrecht, D-70548

Stuttgart, (DE)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 619600 A2 941012 (Basic)

EP 619600 A3 941130,

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 94103684 940310;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 45570 930409 DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H01L-021/311; C04B-041/53; H01L-023/498;

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 76

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English; FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Update Word Count
CLAIMS A (English) EPABF2 322
SPEC A (English) EPABF2 1220
Total word count - document A 1542
Total word count - document B 0

Total word count - documents A + B 1542

2/3/7 (Item 2 from file: 348)

DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

(c) 2003 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

00572132

Method and apparatus for producing variable spatial frequency control in plasma assisted chemical etching.

Methode und Vorrichtung zum plasmaunterstutzten chemischen Atzen mittels variabler, raumlich aufgeloster Frequenzsteuerung.

Methode et appareil de gravure assistee par plasma utilisant un controle spatial variable.

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Hughes Aircraft Company, (214911), 7200 Hughes Terrace, P.O. Box 80028, Los Angeles, California 90080-0028, (US), (applicant designated states: CH;DE;FR;GB;LI;NL;SE)

INVENTOR:

Mumola, Peter B., 22 April Lane, Huntington, CT 06484, (US)

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Colgan, Stephen James et al (29461), CARPMAELS & RANSFORD 43 Bloomsbury Square, London WC1A 2RA, (GB)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 565259 A1 931013 (Basic)

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 93302128 930322;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 854718 920323

DESIGNATED STATES: CH; DE; FR; GB; LI; NL; SE

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H01J-037/32;

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 153

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

<u> Available Text Language Update Word Count</u>



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CLAIMS A (English EPABF1 1018
SPEC A (English EPABF1 1684
Total word count - document A 2702
Total word count - document B 0
Total word count - documents A + B 2702
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2/3/8 (Item 3 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

(c) 2003 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

00572131

Apparatus and method for shielding a workpiece holding mechanism from depreciative effects during workpiece processing.

Vorrichtung und Verfahren zur Abschirmung einer Wertstuckhaltevorrichtung von schadlichen Einflussen wahrend der Verarbeitung des Werkstuckes.

Appareil et procede pour blinder un mecanisme de maintient d'une piece a traiter des effets depreciateurs pendant le traitement de la piece.

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Hughes Aircraft Company, (214911), 7200 Hughes Terrace, P.O. Box 80028, Los Angeles, California 90080-0028, (US), (applicant designated states: CH;DE;FR;GB;LI;NL;SE)

INVENTOR:

Mumola, Peter B., 22 April Lane, Huntington, CT 06484, (US) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Colgan, Stephen James et al (29461), CARPMAELS & RANSFORD 43 Bloomsbury Square, London WC1A 2RA, (GB)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 562784 A1 930929 (Basic)

EP 562784 B1 950607

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 93302127 930322;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 855404 920323

DESIGNATED STATES: CH; DE; FR; GB; LI; NL; SE

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H01L-021/00;

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 179

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Word Count Available Text Language Update 700 CLAIMS A (English) EPABF1 CLAIMS B (English) EPAB95 713 (German) EPAB95 647 CLAIMS B CLAIMS B (French) EPAB95 868 SPEC A (English) EPABF1 2666 SPEC B (English) EPAB95 2577 Total word count - document A Total word count - document B 4805 Total word count - documents A + B 8171

2/3/9 (Item 4 from file: 348) DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

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DOES MOD ROCK Si-Gre-C

00525308

High area capacitor formation using material dependent etching.

Herstellung eines Kondensators mit hoher Oberflache unter Verwendung einer Materialabhangigen Atzung.

Fabrication d'un condensateur a grande surface utilisant une attaque chimique dependante du materiau.

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Oehrlein, Gottlieb S., 2614 Ridge Street, Yorktown Heights, N.Y. 10598, (US)

Rubloff, Gary W., Redcoat Lane, Waccabuc, N.Y. 10597, (US)

Patel, Vishnubhai V., 2289 Willoway Street, Yorktown Heights, N.Y. 10598,

(US)

Grill, Alfred, 85 Overlook Road, White Plains, N.Y. 10605, (US) Hodgson, Rodney T., 822 Pines Bridge Road, Ossining, N.Y. 10562, (US) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Monig, Anton, Dipl.-Ing. (8591), IBM Deutschland Informationssysteme GmbH, Patentwesen und Urheberrecht, D-70548 Stuttgart, (DE)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 539685 A1 930505 (Basic)

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 92114415 920824;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 785634 911031

DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H01L-021/3205; H01L-021/334; H01L-027/108; H01L-029/92;

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 96

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Update Word Count
CLAIMS A (English) EPABF1 724
SPEC A (English) EPABF1 3127
Total word count - document A 3851
Total word count - document B 0
Total word count - documents A + B 3851

2/3/10 (Item 5 from file: 348) DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

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00407226

Method and apparatus for the plasma etching, substrate cleaning or deposition of materials by D.C. glow discharge.

Verfahren und Gerat zum Plasmaatzen, Reinigen von Substraten oder zum Bekleiden mit Stoffen mittels Gleichstrom-Glimmentladung.

Methode et appareil pour la gravure par plasma, le nettoyage de substrats ou le depot de materiau par decharge luminescente en courant continu. PATENT ASSIGNEE:

THE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO INNOVATIONS FOUNDATION, (607831), 203 College Street, Suite 205, Toronto, Ontario M5T 1P9, (CA), (applicant designated states: BE;DE;FR;GB;IT;NL)

INVENTOR:

Zukotynski, Stefan, 32 Maryvale Crescent Richmond Hill, Ontario L4C 6P8, (CA)

Kruzelecky, Roman V, 352 Brigadoon Drive Hamilton, Ontario L9C 6X4, (CA)
Gaspari, Franco, 142 Abbeywood Drive Don Mills, Ontario M3B 3B7, (CA)
Ukah, Clement I., 30 Charles Street West, No. 1623, Toronto Ontario M4Y
1R5, (CA)

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Horton, Andrew Robert Grant et al (32021), BOWLES HORTON Felden House Dower Mews High Street, Berkhamsted Hertfordshire HP4 2BL, (GB)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 418438 Al 910327 (Basic)

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 89309530 890919;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): EP 89309530 890919

DESIGNATED STATES: BE; DE; FR; GB; IT; NL

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H01J-037/32;

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 249

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English; FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Update Word Count
CLAIMS A (English) EPABF1 728
SPEC A (English) EPABF1 3610
Total word count - document A 4338
Total word count - document B 0
Total word count - documents A + B 4338

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DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPI
(c) 2003 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
00340643
Method of creating a high flux of activated species for reaction with a
    remotely located substrate.
Verfahren zur Erzeugung eines hohen Flusses von aktivierten Teilchen fur
    die Reaktion mit einem entfernt angeordneten Substrat.
Procede de production d'un flux eleve de particules activees pour la
    reaction avec un substrat eloigne.
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
  ENERGY CONVERSION DEVICES, INC., (489790), 1675 West Maple Road, Troy
   Michigan 48084, (US), (applicant designated states: DE; FR; GB)
INVENTOR:
  Doehler, Joachim, 6183 Venice Dr., Union Lake, MI 48085, (US)
  Hudgens, Stephen, 2 Alexandria Towne, Southfield, MI 48075, (US)
  Ovshinsky, Stanford, 2700 Squirrel Rd., Bloomfield Hills, MI 48013, (US)
  Dotter II, Buddy, 7460 Flickenger, Utica MI 48087, (US)
  Peedin, Lester, 24041 Moritz, Oak Park, MI 48237, (US)
  Krisko, Jeffrey, 590 Tomahawk Trail, Highland, MI 48031, (US)
  Krisko, Annette, 590 Tomahawk Trail, Highland, MI 48031, (US)
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  Muller, Hans-Jurgen, Dipl.-Ing. et al (8691), Muller, Schupfner & Gauger
   Maximilianstrasse 6 Postfach 10 11 61, D-80085 Munchen, (DE)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date):
                             EP 343355 Al 891129 (Basic)
                              EP 343355 B1 931215
                              EP 89106375 890411;
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 199062 880526
DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: C23C-016/30; H01L-021/205;
ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 152
LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English
FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:
                                     Word Count
Available Text Language
                           Update
                                       864
     CLAIMS B
               (English)
                           EPBBF1
                          EPBBF1
                                       778
      CLAIMS B
               (German)
                          EPBBF1
                                       914
      CLAIMS B
                 (French)
                           EPBBF1
                                     12683
      SPEC B
                (English)
Total word count - document A
Total word count - document B
                                     15239
Total word count - documents A + B
                                     15239
            (Item 7 from file: 348)
2/3/12
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2003 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv
00236821
Apparatus and method for photochemical vapor deposition.
Apparat und Verfahren fur den photochemischen Niederschlag von Dampfen.
Appareil et procede pour la deposition photochimique de vapeur.
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
  UNIVERSITY OF DELAWARE, (240840), South College Avenue, Newark Delaware,
    (US), (applicant designated states: DE; FR; GB; NL)
INVENTOR:
  Jackson, Scott C., 3518 Hopkins Drive, Wilmington Delaware, (US)
  Rocheleau, Richard E., 3420 Pebble Beach Drive, Wilmington Delaware, (US)
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  Wagner, Karl H. et al , WAGNER & GEYER Patentanwalte Gewuerzmuehlstrasse
    5 Postfach 246, D-8000 Munchen 22, (DE)
                                             870909 (Basic)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date):
                             EP 235522 A2
                              EP 235522 A3 900328
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):
                              EP 87100565 870117;
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PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 835331 860303

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H01L-021/205

DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB; NL

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 83 LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY: Available Text Language Update Word Count CLAIMS A (English) EPABF1 SPEC A (English) EPABF1 645 4673 Total word count - document A
Total word count - document B
Total word count - documents A + B 5318 0

5318